Transition to a Data-Driven Circular Economy

Dr. Marios Angelopoulos

Principal Academic <u>mangelopoulos@Bournemouth.ac.uk</u>



UKSS 2019 Keynote Bournemouth

Introductions



Research Interests

• Principal Academic in Computing

- Distributed Systems & Ad-Hoc Networks
- Algorithmic aspects; Architectures; Testbeds/Pilots; Standards

• Focus Areas

- Internet of Things / 5G
- Crowdsensing / Crowdsourced Systems
- Wireless Power Transfer in Ad-Hoc Nets
- other Future and Emerging Networks





Background

- Ing. Diploma and PhD in UPatras (GR)
- Postdoc Excellence Scholarship in UNIGE (CH)
- Principal Academic in Bournemouth University (U.K.)









Roles and Activities

Founder of three MSc programmes on Internet of Things

- MSc Internet of Things
- MSc IoT with Data Analytics
- MSc IoT with Cyber Security

Open Innovation Lab

- Focus on IoT as an Innovation Enabler
- IoT Space 150+ IPv6-enabled sensor motes

International Scope

- ITU-T SG20 "IoT and Smart Cities" Q5 Assoc. Rapporteur & SG20 Liaison Co-Rapporteur to SCV
- Alliance for IoT Innovation (AIOTI)
- IoT Forum
- IEEE Access Associate Editor



Motivation



What is the most influential invention in human history?





A Combination of Risks and Opportunities

By 2050, 75% of the population will reside in cities. Cities are also a major engine for economic growth, as about 85% of global GDP is generated by cities today. Such rapid growth puts an enormous pressure on urban resources, carrying capacities, and quality of life.



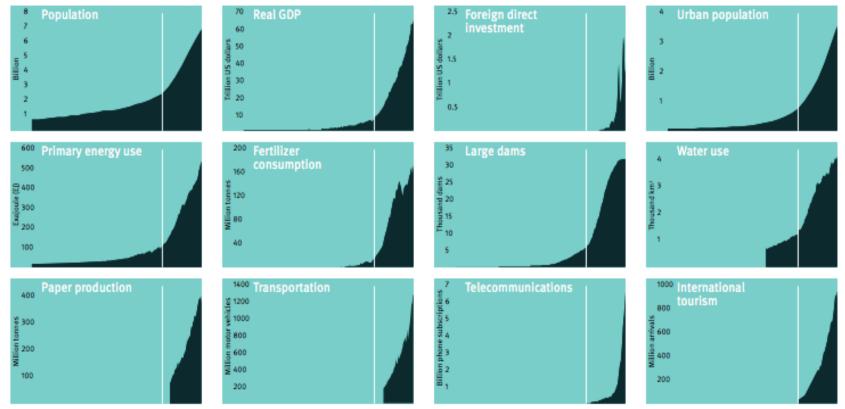
CIRCULAR

CITIES

https://www.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org/programmes/government/circular-cities-network

Impact of Socio Economic Development

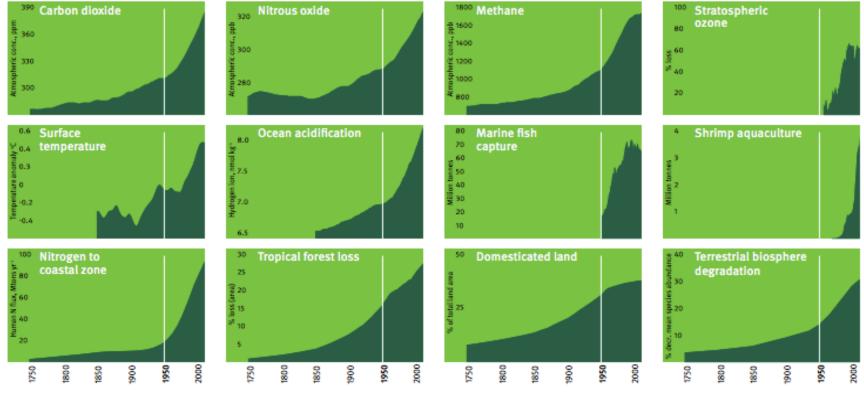
Trends from 1750 to 2010 in globally aggregated indicators for socioeconomic development



Bournemouth University

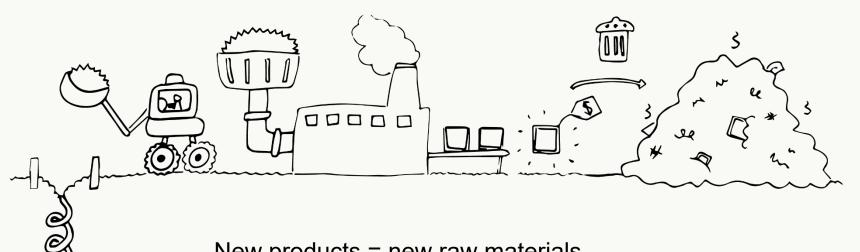
Impact on Living Systems

Trends from 1750 to 2010 in indicators for the structure and functioning of the Earth System



Images source: The Anthropocene Review, 2015

Today's Make-Dispose Economy



New products = new raw materials

Recycling at the end of the pipe

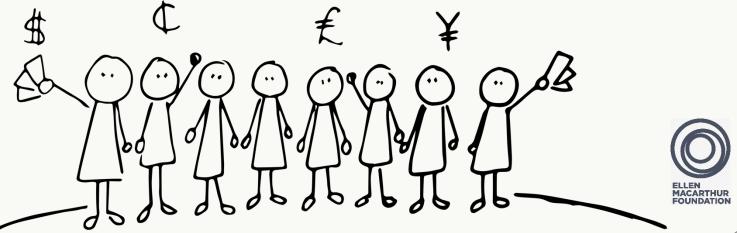
Waste is historically high





A Combination of Risks and Opportunities

A further 3 billion middle-class consumers will enter the market by 2030 fueling demand ...





A Model with Embedded Structural Losses

Faults in the linear model mean great economic losses and negative externalities



- Cars remain parked 92% of the time
- When moving, they usually carry 1,5 people at a time
- 30.000 lives are lost in accidents and, 1 out of 4 times, this results in irreversible lesions



- 30% of waste sent to landfill in Europe originates from construction (in Brasil, approximately 50%)
- Offices are occupied only 40-50% of the day on a working day
- **11 million** empty homes in Europe

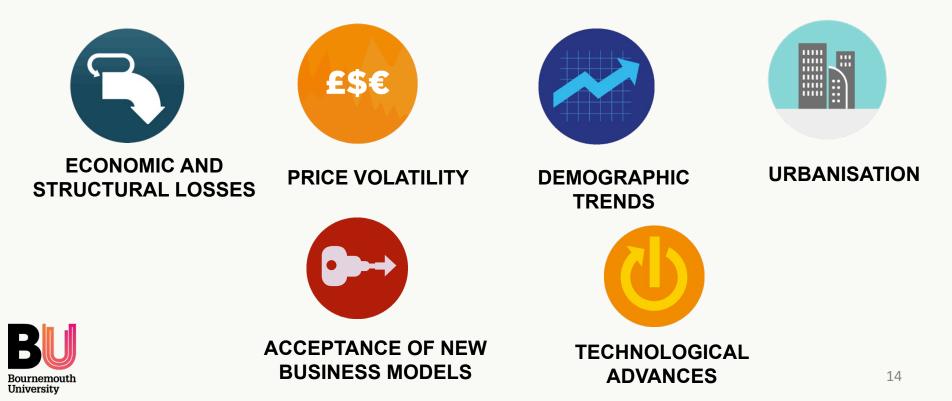


- >100Mi tonnes of food lost annually in Europe
- **50%** lost along the production chain
- 97% of global food residue is sent to landfill or ~USD 300bn
- Soil degradation is around 30-80% in Europe



Drivers for Change

Various Factors Challenge the Linear Model



Data-Driven Circular Economy



Circular Economy

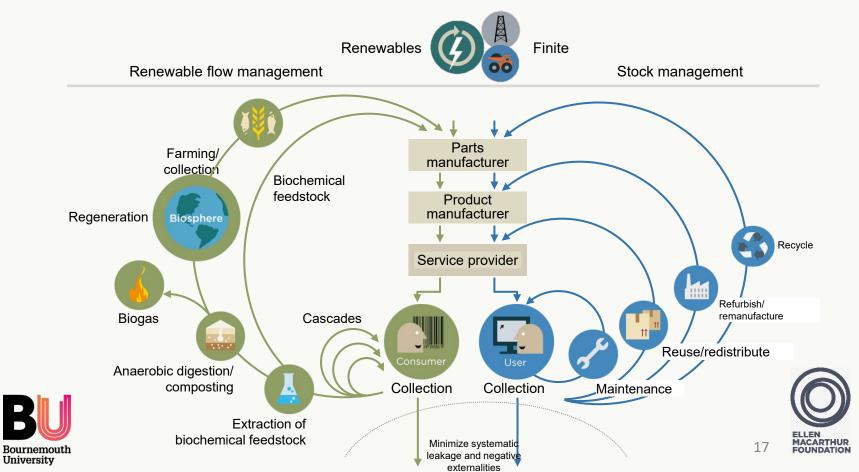
An Economy that is regenerative and restorative by design

...keeping products, components and materials at their highest utility and value, at all times

...eliminating the concept of waste, with materials ultimately reentering the economy at end of use as defined, valuable technical or biological nutrients

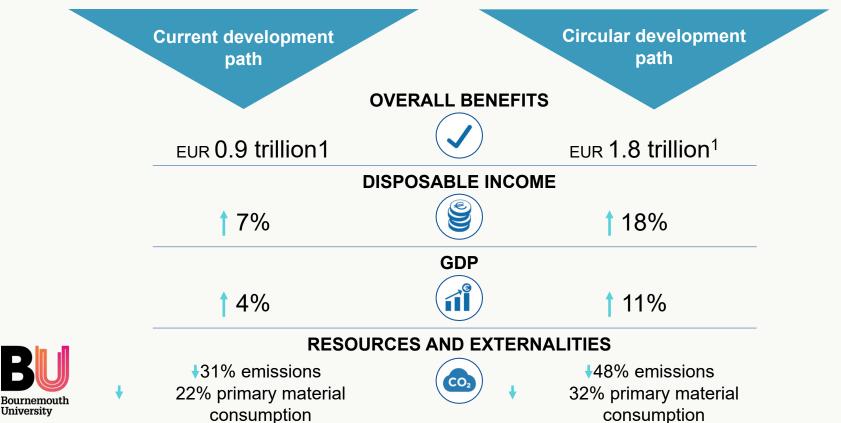


A Regenerative Economy by Design



The Compelling Business Rational

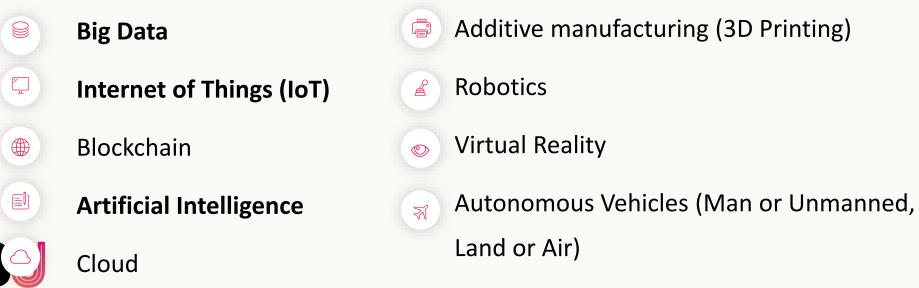
€1.8 tri in benefits for Europe by 2030 in mobility, food and the built environment



Key Enabling Technologies

The key concept of CE has been around since the 70's (focus on material sciences and production management). However, today the tech landscape is totally different.

Dense Data in Space and Time



Universitv

THE RESOLVE FRAMEWORK

Exampl	les
--------	-----

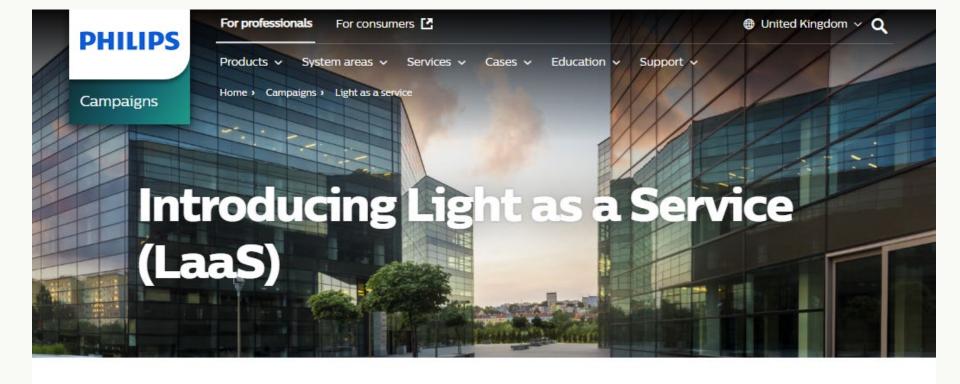
	REGENERATE		 Shift to renewable energy and materials Reclaim, retain, and restore health of ecosystems Return recovered biological resources to the biosphere 	P-REX	Nespresso.	
	SHARE	7	 Share assets (e.g. cars, rooms, appliances) Reuse/secondhand Prolong life through maintenance, design for durability, upgradability, etc. 	airbnb	patagonia outolib'	Nearly New Car by Mercodes Benz Bla Bla Car
	OPTIMISE	0	 Increase performance/efficiency of product Remove waste in production and supply chain Leverage big data, automation, remote sensing and steering 			P Example 2
	LOOP	\odot	 Remanufacture products or components Recycle materials Digest anaerobic Extract biochemicals from organic waste 	PAQUES O	nia 🔗 RENA VEOLIA 5	
	VIRTUALISE		 Dematerialise directly, e.g., books, CDs, DVDs, travel Dematerialise indirectly, e.g., online shopping, autonomous vehicles 	stope	ndo ultulu Google	NETFLIX iTunes
BU Bournemouth University	EXPLORE	8	 Replace old with advanced non-renewable materials Apply new technologies (e.g. 3D printing) Choose new product/service (e.g. multimodal transp 	A Tarkett Company	T W	PHILIPS Lighting skyTrani

Examples









Let your light pay for itself and cut energy costs instantly



We designed Light as a Service (LaaS), a lighting solution that delivers instant energy savings with no upfront investment, a one- stop shop for performance, operations, maintenance & financing.

The Edge (Deloitte, Amsterdam)

- The Edge is the most Sustainable building in the world (98%)
- It includes a number of Innovations like Light over Ethernet powered by LED system and not from a traditional 230 Volt cable.
- The **32000 sensors** in the building enabled a tremendous data flow (big data)
- They have achieved a remarkable space optimisation given that approximately 35% of the offices are empty during a working week
- Cleaning services are being **optimised** based on actual use of spaces Health has been also in the focus. **Airflow management** based on office occupancy and density.
- Heating is tweaked to a **precise degree** to be able conserve energy by detecting when spaces are unoccupied.
- <u>Very important</u>: The Edge is producing **10% more** energy than the one consuming

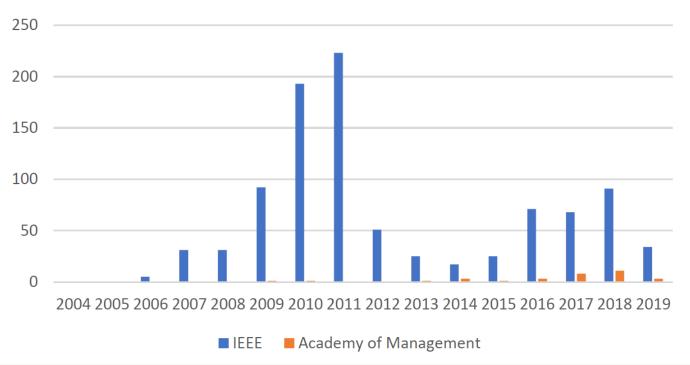


On-going Research



Publications on Circular Economy

Keyword: "Circular economy"



Credit: Prof. David Langley; TNO – UoGroningen

26





Intelligence-Driven Urban Internet-of-Things Ecosystems for Circular, Safe and Inclusive Smart CITIES <u>https://www.ideal-cities.eu/</u>





"This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation staff exchange programme (RISE) under the Marie Skłodowska-Curie grant agreement No 777853"

Ideal-Cities Approach

Data-driven Circular Economy

Use cases:

- 1. Assisting the movement of the visually and mobility impaired
- 2. Increasing citizen safety through lifelogging



IDEAL-CITIES – A Trustworthy and Sustainable Framework for Circular Smart Cities. Angelopoulos, Katos, Kostoulas, et al. Smart Circular Economy, Santorini, 2019

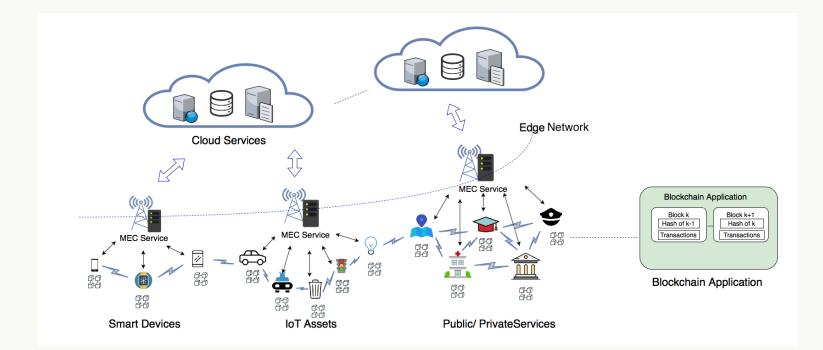


Towards a Technological Framework

- Internet of Things will sense
- The Edge will react
- Artificial Intelligence will think
- Blockchain will remember



Towards a Technological Framework





An Architecture for Blockchain over Edge-enabled IoT for Smart Circular Cities. Amalia Damianou, Constantinos Marios Angelopoulos and Vasilis Katos. Smart Circular Economy – SmaCE, Santorini, 2019

Research Agenda

SmaCE 2019			Home	Submission Guidelines	Registration	Venue	Q
	1 st Int	ernational Wo	rksho	op on			
Smart	: Ci	Santorini Island, Gre May 30th, 2019 Co-located with IEEE DCOSS	ece	Econo	ymc	Y	A Deal Big and and
Sponsored by:	Õ	Alliance for Internet of Things Innovation	C			eal ties	

Organising Committee

General Chair

Marios Angelopoulos, Bournemouth University, UK

Co-Chairs

Giorgos Demetriou, École des Ponts Business School, France

Sotiris Ioannidis, FORTH, Greece

Vasilis Katos, Bournemouth University, UK

Sotiris Nikoletseas, University of Patras, Greece

Khaled Soufani, University of Cambridge, UK

Main Community Challenges:

- To spur/engage the community
- To demystify emerging techs
- To bridge the language gap across disciplines

Main Research Challenges:

- To elicit the fundamental principles of Circularity
- Apply those on different domains
- To demonstrate added value creation



Epilogue



Highlights

- Circular Economy proposed as a paradigm of sustainable economic development and growth
- Introduces economic incentives for eco-friendly practices
- Emerging technologies provide unprecedented access to Dense Data (space and time) => Data-driven Circular Economy
- Green field for interdisciplinary research



Thank you.

Dr. Marios Angelopoulos mangelopoulos@bournemouth.ac.uk

